

State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
Alabama				
Alaska				
Arizona	Southwest Gas Corp: submitted an application to the Arizona Corporation Commission (ACC) to establish an RNG Program to incorporate RNG into its gas supply portfolio. Denied by ACC on 12/17/20. Southwest Gas Corp: Offers RNG services such as: biogas gathering; biogas cleaning and conditioning; RNG transportation; and interconnection to SW Gas pipelines. These services are offered to RNG producers, such as landfills and waste water treatment plants, not to residential customers. Program began in 2018. Dominion: partnered with Smithfield Foods in 2018 to create Align Renewable Natural Gas, the company that will be responsible for capturing and converting the RNG to be put into the pipelines for residential and commercial customers. This joint venture will operate in North Carolina, Virginia, and Utah. In October 2019, the pair announced the program would expand into Arizona and California. SW Gas: Pursuant to Docket G-01551A-17-0286 SW Gas is in the process of linking four RNG projects to its system including a Pima County wastewater plant in Marana and three Central Arizona dairy farms. SW Gas is also connecting to three more RNG plants planned for dairies in Maricopa, Buckeye and Gila Bend and may buy gas from those projects in the future.	Docket G-01551A-19-0055: SW Gas seeks approval for an RNG Program that would allow the company to meet up to 1 percent of its forecasted annual Arizona retail sales with RNG purchases by 2025, 2 percent by 2030, and 3 percent by 2035. Filed in 2019; ACC disapproved on 12/17/20; ordered the opening of generic docket on RNG and workshop no later than 6/1/21 to explore role of RNG in AZ. Docket G-01551A-17-0286: approved Southwest Gas' new rate schedule to include RNG services to RNG producers. SW Gas offers services to RNG producers to upgrade and/or interconnect to SW Gas' pipelines to transport RNG. Included RNG gas quality specifications and testing requirements. Approved in 2018.		AGA Comments in Docket Number G- 00000A-210045



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	Announced May 13, 2021. SW Gas: Tres Rios Wastewater Project in Tucson is expected to be operational in July 2021. Sunoma Renewable Biofuel Project in Gila Bend in partnership with Paloma Dairy expected to begin production October 2021. Another project at the Butterfield Dairy in Buckeye is anticipated to be operational by December 2021. The project at Milky Way Dairy in Maricopa is anticipated to be completed by December 2022.			
Arkansas		Docket No. 23-074-U: Black Hills Energy seeking approval of RNG program cost recovery rider to recover eligible costs associated with RNG pilot program. Intended allow BHE to recover eligible costs over 5-year term subject to \$1M annual rate impact cap. Proposed December 4, 2023.	SB 136: Amends state law related to gas rates allowing the PSC to consider utility purchase of natural gas or natural gas alternatives, such as RNG and hydrogen, as an operating expense if the purchase is in the public interest. Signed into law March 2021.	
California	SoCalGas (Sempra), PG&E, SDG&E and Southwest Gas Corp: submitted a Joint Utility Draft Solicitation, in compliance with a CA Public Utility Commission ("CPUC") mandate established in SB1383, which proposed that each utility would launch a dairy biomethane pilot project to begin injection of RNG into the utility's pipeline system. Joint Draft Solicitation was submitted in 2018. SoCalGas and SDG&E: submitted an application to the CPUC to offer a voluntary Renewable Natural Gas Tariff to residential, small commercial, and industrial customers. SoCalGas received approval from the CPUC to begin the construction of the	Application 19-02-015: Sempra Utilities &	AB 1900: CPUC must set gas quality standards and promote in-state RNG distribution. Signed into law 2012. AB 2313: CPUC must consider factors beyond cost in rate recovery cases for investments in RNG interconnection facilities. Signed into law 2016. SB1383: CPUC must direct utilities to implement at least 5 dairy biomethane pilot projects to demonstrate interconnection to the common carrier pipeline system. Each project is targeted to	California Integrated Energy Policy Report (Chapter 9 is on RNG)



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	infrastructure necessary to complete these projects.	13-02-008: Proposed decision creates CA Renewable	be connected to the utility pipeline and flowing	
	SoCalGas announced a new initiative, which aims to	Gas Standard requiring percentage of all gas used	RNG within 2 years of the acceptance of the	
	make RNG 5% of supply by 2022 and 20% by 2030.	for core customers come from certain types of RNG. LDCs must prorate procure RNG amounting to 8	application.	
	Anticipated 2021 program start.	MMT of organic waste diversion by 2025 and raises the 2030 target to 12% of 2020 core gas demand by	Signed into law in 2016.	
	SoCalGas: Calgren Dairy Fuels & SoCal completed a	2030. Dairy gas can only be used to satisfy the	AB 3187: Requires the CPUC open a proceeding not	
	first of its kind dairy biogas facility in the state and	medium-term target given its higher-utilization	later than July 1,2019 to consider options to	
	only the sixth in the country. Calgren plans to	under other state programs.	promote the in-state production and distribution of	
	expand operations to eight additional farms by the		biomethane.	
	end of 2019.	Proposed Decision filed Jan. 3, 2022. Approved		
		February 24, 2022.	Signed into law in 2018.	
	SoCalGas : Announced the commissioning of the			
	nation's first scalable biomethanation reactor	Application U 39 G: PG&E application for woody	SB 1440: CPUC can adopt a biomethane	
	system at DOE's National Renewable Energy	biomass RNG pilot project. Would partner with West	procurement program that benefits rate payers, is	
	Laboratory (NREL) Energy System Integration	Biofuels to produce RNG from woody waste and	cost-effective, and advances the state's	
	Facility in Golden, Colo. The technology uses	hydrogen.	environmental and energy policies.	
	renewable electricity to convert hydrogen into			
	pipeline quality methane for use in homes,	Filed June 30, 2023.	Signed into law in 2019.	
	businesses and in transportation. Aims to replace			
	20% of its natural gas supply with RNG by 2030.		SB 457 : extends the monetary incentives program	
	Anaergia Inc. has partnered with the University of		established in D.15-06-029, which is set to run out	
	California to receive 40% of its natural gas supply in		on Dec. 31, 2021, until Dec. 31 2026.	
	the form of RNG by 2025. UC has agreed to			
	purchase in total \$42 million worth of RNG over the		Signed into law October 2019.	
	next 20 years. To fulfill this demand, Anaergia is			
	building the Rialto Bioenergy Facility - the largest		SB 1352: mandatory RPS for gas utilities. Requires	
	organic waste diversion and renewable energy		the commission to establish a biomethane	
	recovery facility in North America. This plant is		procurement program requiring utilities by 2030 to	
	expected to open in late 2020. The facility will		procure at least 20 percent of its total volume of	
	divert about 400 million pounds of food scraps and		gas delivered to core customers in California with	
	other organic waste each year from SoCal landfills.		biomethane. The bill would require the	
	That material will then be fed into an anaerobic		commission, in designing and implementing the	
	biodigester and transformed into RNG.		program, to ensure that the biomethane	
			procurement program is a cost-effective means to	
			achieve forecast reductions in emissions of short-	
			lived climate pollutants.	



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	SoCalGas: Announced on Oct. 3, SoCal awarded Corona, Ca more than \$44,000 for completion of an RNG project at the city's water and power facility. Dominion: partnered with Smithfield Foods in 2018 to create Align Renewable Natural Gas, the company that will be responsible for capturing and converting the RNG to be put into the pipelines for residential and commercial customers. This joint venture will operate in North Carolina, Virginia, and Utah. In October 2019, the pair announced the program would expand into Arizona and California. Socal Gas & PG&E: demonstrated further advancement of a new electrochemical technology that converts the carbon dioxide content in raw biogas to pipeline-quality RNG. June 2020. SoCal: Completed project with Anaergia to connect bioenergy facility producing 985,000 MMBTU/year of RNG. Marks the fifth time SoCal's distribution system has connected to an in-state RNG producing facility. The facility is now the largest generator of RNG in California. In service March 18, 2021. PG&E: Partnering with Mass Energy & CA Energy Exchange to divert methane waste from 15 farms into mid-market third-party pipeline delivered to PG&E system. Historically, access and a lack of costeffective alternatives to transport RNG to PG&E's pipeline system hindered otherwise viable partnerships with dairies. In service December 2021.	Regulatory Actions Taken	Introduced February 2020. AB 3163: Amended definition of biomethane to include methane produced from a number of specified organic waste feedstocks. Signed into law October 2020. CA SB 1122: Requires PUC to consider green electrolytic hydrogen as a zero-carbon resource; requires CARB to prepare strategic plan to accelerate green electrolytic hydrogen. NOT RNG; introduced February 2020	



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	SW Gas: completion of a pipeline interconnection			
	to supply RNG from the Victor Valley Waste Wastewater Reclamation Authority (VVWRA) in San			
	Bernardino County to its gas system. Once fully in			
	production, the facility could divert more than			
	6,000 metric tons of methane, which is equivalent			
	to 1.5 million CO2 tons, per year.			
	Announced January 2022.			
	SoCalGas: Proposed largest RNG project in CA to			
	CPUC producing 4.5 billion cubic feet of fuel			
	annually from 400,000 – 500,000 tons of ag waste.			
	The project will work by using a non-combustion process to turn agricultural waste into a mixture of			
	gases, including hydrogen. The mixture is then			
	cleaned, compressed and is then usable as RNG.			
	Announced August 2023.			
	Pacific Gas & Electric: launched an initiative to			
	purchase California-produced RNG for its natural			
	gas customers, the first step in a plan to procure			
	RNG to serve 15% of its residential and commercial demand by 2030.			
	demand by 2000.			
	Announced October 2023.			
Colorado	Xcel: RFI announced in May 2020 as first step in	Docket No. 22A-0251G: BHE seeking approval of	HB 14-1159: Provides a sales tax exemption for	Colorado Market
	developing programs to deliver RNG across eight	four-year RNG/offset voluntary pilot program to	anaerobic digester equipment.	Assessment of
	states including Colorado. In particular, Xcel is	begin in 2023.	Deced into law in 2010	Agricultural
	<u>exploring</u> a voluntary RNG product offering in CO.	Filed June 6, 2022.	Passed into law in 2019.	Anaerobic Digesters
	Dominion : building one of the largest dairy RNG		SB 20-013: Establishes innovative tech program	<u> </u>
	projects in the country in Greeley County, Colorado.		approved by PUC where utilities may seek approval	
	The project in conjunction with Vanguard		of projects relating to technologies such as RNG,	
	Renewables and Johnson Dairy and Longs Peak			



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	Dairy will offset 112,175 metric tons of CO2 which is		hydrogen, and CCS. Allows utility to fully recover	
	equivalent to 25,387 vehicles off the road.		costs of project and capital investments.	
	Updated August 25, 2021.		SB 20-1018: Directs PUC to adopt RNG program for	
			small and large utilities by July 31, 2021. Allows	
	Black Hills: Seeking PUC approval of voluntary four-		utilities to fully recover costs on RNG programs.	
	year RNG/offset program to offset up to 100% of		Targets of 5% RNG by 2025, 10% in 2030, and 15%	
	customer emissions. Pending approval, participants		in 2035.	
	will be able to purchase RNG attributes/offsets in			
	blocks of \$5 equating to about 25% of the average		Passed Senate, left on table 2019.	
	residential customer's monthly usage. Seeking			
	similar programs later this summer in KS & NB and		SB 21-161: Directs PUC to adopt rules for programs	
	in AR, IA, & WY by 2023.		for voluntary emissions reductions for gas utilities;	
	A		using a utility's 2019 GHG emissions as a baseline:	
	Announced June 6, 2022.		By 2025 at least 5%; by 2030 at least 10%; and after	
	Inint Htility DEL Coloredo I DCs issued a inint DEL to		2035 at least 15%. RNG must account for at least	
	Joint Utility RFI: Colorado LDCs issued a joint RFI to		35% of a utility's emissions reductions.	
	identify future developers of RNG consistent with the state's clean heat plans.		Introduced March 3, 2021. Tabled.	
	the state's clean heat plans.		introduced March 3, 2021. Tabled.	
	Issued July 17, 2023.		SB 21-264: requires gas utilities to file a clean heat	
	155000 501, 17, 1015.		plan with the PUC. The targets are a four percent	
			reduction below 2015 GHG emission levels by 2025	
			and 22 percent by 2030. Within the overall targets,	
			RNG may only account for one percent of the 2025	
			target and five percent of the 2030 target.	
			Enacted June 2021.	
Connecticut	SJI: announced the construction of a 2MM gallon	DOCKET NO. 19-07-04: PURA adopted gas quality	SB 337: establish a procurement process for RNG	
	anaerobic digester at Oakridge Dairy. The \$12	and interconnection standards for the injection into	and require natural gas utilities to have at least 5%	
	million facility is expected to be operational by	the natural gas distribution system of conditioned	of its gas coming from RNG. The Public Utility Reg.	
	September 2022 and will produce close to 60,000	biogas derived from organic material.	Auth. must create gas quality standards for RNG.	
	dekatherms of RNG per year. The RNG will be			
	integrated into the distribution system of	Approved June 2, 2021.	Introduced in 2018, received favorable report in	
	Elizabethtown Gas.		LCO, was tabled for Senate Calendar.	
	Announced November 2, 2021.			
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			HB 5350: Intended to increase the use of RNG in	
			Connecticut and accelerate natural gas infrastructure repair and replacement. Allows for	
			supply of biogas for injection into distribution	
			system. Commissioner may direct utilities to enter	
			into gas purchase agreements with biogas suppliers	
			for periods of no more than 20 years. The bill allows utilities to recover costs on RNG-related	
			infrastructure costs arising from a gas purchase	
			agreement. A gas utility may elect to use the RNG	
			procured to meet the needs of its customers or sell	
			it to applicable third parties.	
			Introduced February 2020	
			CT SB 60: directs the permitting and siting process	
			for anaerobic digesters be streamlined.	
			Introduced January 2021.	
			CT HB 6409: Reintroduces provisions from HB 5350	
			(2020).	
			Introduced February 2021.	
			CT HB 5118: DEEP may direct utilities to enter into	
			purchase agreements with biogas suppliers on	
			behalf of customers. Allows for specified cost recovery. Similar to HB 5350 ('20) & HB 6409 ('21)	
			recovery. Similar to TIB 3330 (20) & TIB 0403 (21)	
			Introduced February 15, 2022.	
	hesapeake: Announced partnership with	<u>Docket No. RP20 000</u> : CPK filed interstate RNG gas		
	ioenergy DevCo to develop anaerobic digestion cilities in Delmarva Peninsula. The RNG will then	quality tariff with FERC in October 2019. Approved .		
	e distributed to CPK's customers.			
Ar	nnounced May 2020.			



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	 Chesapeake: partnership with CleanBay Renewables to generate RNG from chicken waste at bio-refinery and distribute to CPK customers. Announced July 2020. Chesapeake: Acquired Planet Found Energy and their chicken litter to RNG technology. Came with one operating facility in MD and another in development. 			
	Announced November 2, 2022.			
District of Columbia				ICF Study on the use of RNG in DC prepared for WGL
				WGL Climate Business Plan (March 2020)
Florida	TECO Peoples Gas: Offers RNG services such as: biogas gathering; biogas cleaning and conditioning; RNG transportation; and interconnection to Peoples' Gas pipelines. These services are offered to RNG Producers, such as landfills and waste water treatment plants, not to residential customers.	DOCKET NO. 20170206-GU: approved TECO Peoples Gas's proposed tariff modification to receive and transport RNG through their pipelines. This was a two-tier tariff: the first for RNG producers that produce gas that meets pipeline standards; the second for RNG producers that produce gas that doesn't meet pipeline standards and needs to be	SB 896: aiming to support the growth of renewable natural gas as a renewable source of energy in the state. Adds definitions of biogas and renewable natural gas, adding the term renewable natural gas to the previously existing definition of renewable energy under state law. Allows PSC to approve cost recovery by utility for purchase of RNG where pricing exceeds NG market price but otherwise	
	Program began in 2018.	cleaned/conditioned. Approved in 2017.	deemed reasonable and prudent. Passed April 2021.	
	TECO Peoples Gas: Agreement with Alliance Diaries build, own and operate a RNG facility on the dairy's property in Trenton near Gainesville. The facility is	DOCKET NO. 20200216-GU: approved Florida City Gas RNG tariff application. Allows FCG to offer services to convert biogas into RNG and receive and	HB 867/ SB 844: establishes sales tax exemption for RNG equipment and machinery. Introduced February 15, 2023.	



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	expected to produce 105,000 MMBtu of RNG,	transport RNG through its distribution system on	FL SB 480: authorizes LDCs to recover certain RNG	
	enough to serve about 4,400 homes annually.	behalf of the biogas producer.	infrastructure costs via cost-recovery mechanism.	
	Announced June 15, 2021.		Filed November 2023.	
	Chesapeake Utilities: Established an injection point to allow FPUC to accept RNG into its system. The injection point in Yulee, FL will help expand service to surrounding areas in northeastern Florida.			
	Announced February 6, 2023.			
	Chesapeake Utilities: Received PUC approval for three projects to expand gas infrastructure to connect to landfill gas projects in Brevard, Indian River and Miami-Dade counties. The Brevard and Indian River projects will each bring an additional 3,200 Dth/day and the Miami-Dade project will will bring an additional 6,700 Dth/day of capacity to the area.			
	Announced July 16, 2024.			
Georgia				
Hawaii	Hawaii Gas: captures and processes biogas from the City and County of Honolulu's Honouliuli Wastewater Treatment Plant on O'ahu. Hawaii Gas includes the RNG as part of their fuel mix. Facility completed in 2018.		HB 1242: The bill requires gas RPS. Following renewable portfolio requirements: 25 percent of sales by 2025; 40 percent of sales by 2030; 70 percent of sales by 2040; and 100 percent of sales by 2050. Allows for cost recovery through an automatic rate adjustment clause.	
	In an effort to increase RNG supplies, <u>Hawaii Gas</u> issued an RFP seeking proposals from local and		Introduced January 2019.	
	national suppliers who can provide up to 80,000		SB 289: The bill requires gas RPS. Following	
	therms per day of RNG. Currently reviewing 4 "best		renewable portfolio requirements: 25 percent of	
	and final offers" and deciding.		sales by 2025; 40 percent of sales by 2030; 70	
	RFP issued in 2018.		percent of sales by 2040; and 100 percent of sales by 2050. Allows for cost recovery through an	



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			automatic rate adjustment clause. Same as HB 1242.	
			Introduced January 22, 2021.	
Idaho	Intermountain Gas: provides access service to its distribution system which allows RNG producers to move RNG produced in southern Idaho to end use customers across the western United States. Transport Only Avista: seeking PUC approval to offer voluntary RNG program. Requested March 2022.	Intermountain's proposal to provide access service to enable RNG producers to move RNG to their end use customers across the western United States. The proposal insulates utility customers from any potential impact resulting from the RNG Access Service. Transport service. Approved June 2020 AVU-G-22-01: Avista seeking approval to implement voluntary RNG program allowing customers to purchase blocks equal to 1.5 therms of RNG for \$5 per block. Filed March 1, 2022.		
Illinois	Nicor Gas: seeking approval for its TotalGreen pilot program offering customers a voluntary RNG/carbon offset program. Allows customers to offset carbon footprint by combining RNG credits with carbon offsets. On average, cost for single family home is about \$100/year. Filed January 2021. Approved May 2023.	Docket 20-0722: Nicor filed an application for an RNG interconnection pilot. If approved, the pilot will allow Nicor to invest \$20M in capital for RNG interconnections in its service territory, up to \$4M per project. Additionally, Nicor will negotiate for a set number of environmental attributes to be transferred from the developer to the pipeline owner. Nicor will then use these attributes to offset GHG emissions associated with its broader portfolio. The final order will allow Nicor to invest \$16M in capital and up to \$4M per project. Filed September 30, 2020. Approved July 2021. Docket 21-0098: Nicor seeking approval of proposed TotalGreen Pilot program as part of its most recent	HB 3115: Under the bill natural gas utilities may seek authorization from the ICC to engage in RNG-related activities such as facility investment, gas supply contracts, pipeline expansion to interconnect with RNG, and providing customers with the option to directly purchase RNG. Includes portfolio goals of 2% of the utility's supply portfolio by January 1, 2030 and not less than 3% by 2035. Introduced February 2021.	



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		rate case. Offers customers voluntary program to		
		offset consumption with 5-20% RNG and remaining		
		as carbon offsets or 0.5% RNG and 99.5% carbon		
		offsets to test consumer price preferences.		
		Filed January 2021. Approved May 2023.		
Indiana	NIPSCO: Green Path voluntary program offering			
	customers the ability to offset up to 100% of natural			
	gas use with RNG and carbon offsets.			
lowa		Docket No. TF-2023-0001: BHE proposed voluntary	HF 522: Provides that farms may store and process	
		pilot program for customers to choose blocks of	manure through anaerobic digesters and produce	
		RNG attributes and carbon offsets at \$5/ block. One block equals 1/3 of average customer monthly	biogas as an alternative to the current required	
		emissions.	manure storage structures.	
		CITIOSTOTIS.	Enacted May 24, 2021.	
		Filed January 13, 2023.		
Kansas		Docket No. 23-BHCG-037-TAR: Black Hills		
		application for voluntary RNG and carbon offset		
		pilot program over four-year period. Customers can		
		purchase "blocks" to offset emissions by 1/3 of		
		average monthly use for \$5/block. Program to begin		
		January 1, 2023.		
		Filed July 15, 2022. Approved October 25, 2022.		
Kentucky	See UGI activity in Ohio			
Louisiana				
Maine	Summit Utilities: Working on several RNG related	Docket 2019-00116: Summit Utilities filed a request	LD-2017: Requires the PUC to develop and oversee	
	projects. First, partnering with Maine's dairy	for approval of new tariff sheets for the	a pilot project for the conversion of excess	
	industry to construct an anaerobic digestion facility	establishment of a voluntary renewable natural gas	renewable energy into methane gas and hydrogen	
	and produce RNG. The renewable attributes from	attribute program.	and the storage of the converted gas. Up to 3	
	the digester will be sold to third parties. Summit is	Approved October 2010	energy-to-gas facilities, each up to 10 megawatts in	
	partnering with Flood Brothers Farm, Caverly	Approved October 2019.	production capacity, may be established. The	
	Farms, Misty Meadows Farm, Wright Place Farm, Taylor Dairy Farm, Veazland Farm, Simpson View	Docket 2019-00120: Summit Utilities filed a request	commission is required to establish the pilot project no later than January 1, 2021; the pilot project	
	Farm and Gold-Top Farm to obtain organic waste.	for approval of reorganization to establish NewCo,	expires December 31, 2026.	
	and cold top faint to obtain organic waster	which will own and operate a digester facility.		



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	Anticipated 2021 start date. Second, establishing a voluntary renewable natural gas attribute program. Customers enrolling in the voluntary program may elect to match 10 to 100 percent of their average annual usage with renewable attributes derived from landfill waste. The quantity of renewable attributes, and a flat monthly fee, will be added and shown on enrolled customers' bills. Approved October 2019. Unitil: issued a Request for Expressions of Interest to identify potential RNG suppliers, chiefly in Maine. Considering investing in RNG infrastructure and facilities. Announced October 2020 Summit Utilities: Broke ground on state's first RNG dairy digester. Working with 6 Maine dairy farms, project will produce equivalent of 45% of Summit's residential gas demand. Broke ground July 2022.	Filed in 2019.	Introduced 2020. Carried over into 2021, due to emergency adjournment. LD 9: The bill would require the PUC to establish and oversee a power-to fuel pilot program. The commission is required to approve up to two power-to-fuel projects between January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2027, each up to 10 megawatts in production capacity, that convert renewable energy to hydrogen gas, methane gas or other fuel. Introduced January 11, 2021 LD 989: requires the PUC to allow utility to use RNG for no more than 2% of the gas it supplies to its customers starting in 2022 and to allow a utility to use an additional 2% annually thereafter. Utility may include the costs of RNG in its cost-of-gas adjustment rate. Introduced March 10, 2021.	
Maryland	Washington Gas: received approval from PSC to support Piscataway Bioenergy Project in partnership with Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission. The \$271 million facility, slated for completion in fall 2024, will capture methane generated during biosolids treatment and process it into RNG for sale on the open market. Announced October 28, 2021.	G-9: Renewable Natural Gas Interconnection Service: BGE First Maryland utility to receive regulatory approval of an RNG interconnection tariff. Approved October 7, 2021. Case No. 9680: Columbia Gas proposing a five-year RNG pilot - the Green Path Rider. Under the voluntary program CGM will purchase RNG, environmental attributes and carbon. Will match the	SB 935/ HB 1379: would require state to develop a RNG pilot program by January 2025. Department of General Services must issue a competitive sealed procurement solicitation for RNG and may enter into at least one contract to procure RNG. The contracted RNG must be generated in state unless it is not reasonably available for the program. Introduced February 8, 2024.	



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		customer's election of either a 100% reduction or a		
		50% reduction in emissions. Customers opting into		
		the Green Path Rider will be charged an additional		
		fee per therm that reflects the cost of the RNG		
		environmental attributes and carbon offsets. The		
		program would be offered to all residential and		
		general service customers that are not in arrears.		
		Filed May 13, 2022. Agreed to withdrawal 9/2/22.		
		Rejected January 18, 2023.		
Massachusetts		DPU 20-80: Issued order opening an investigation	H 3887: seeks study on the opportunities for	
		into role of gas LDCs in meeting MA emissions limits,	sustainable and cost-effective market deployment	
		"Future of Heat Proceeding."	of RNG, hydrogen, and low-carbon fuels to reduce	
			emissions associated with the supply of natural gas	
		Ordered October 2020.	for heating.	
			Filed February 15, 2021.	
		DPU 22-32: Liberty Utilities petition to enter into 20		
		year purchase agreement with Fall River RNG LLC at	H 4081: Beginning in 2025 the bill would establish a	
		a fixed price of 49.25/Dth increasing by two percent	renewable heating standard requiring that at least	
		annually. Seeking to establish voluntary RNG	3 % percent of therms sold by obligated entities	
		program for customers if approved.	come from qualified renewable heating fuels. Beginning in 2030 it would go up to 5%, in 2035 7%,	
		Filed March 31, 2022.	and by 2040 10%. The bill also directs the DPU to	
		1 11Cd Wardi 31, 2022.	adopt regulations authorizing cost recovery by	
			natural gas utilities of all prudent incremental costs	
			arising from the implementation of the renewable	
			heating fuel standards recovered by means of an	
			automatic adjustment clause or any another	
			recovery mechanism authorized by rule.	
			Introduced August 10, 2021	
Michigan	DTE: Established a Voluntary <u>BioGreenGas</u> Program.	Case No. U-20839: DTE application to amend	Introduced August 19, 2021. HB 6036: expands the state's PACE financing	Michigan RNG
iviiciiigaii	The program is available to all their natural gas	BioGreen Gas Program and implement a Voluntary	program to include anaerobic digestion as a	Study: PSC study
	customers.	Renewable Gas program pilot. Will provide	qualifying "energy program" eligible for financing.	found feasible
	Program launched in 2013.	customers the ability to offset up to 100% of their	quamying chergy program engine for infameling.	potential to
		emissions.	Introduced August 2020.	produce 148



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State	Utility RNG Programs DTE: CleanVision Natural Gas Balance program uses a mix of 95% carbon offsets and 5% RNG to allow customers to offset a portion or all of their monthly natural gas use in the following amounts and costs: 25% (\$4); 50% (\$8); 75% (\$12); 100% (\$16). Available January 2021. Consumers Energy: Announced \$17 million project with Swisslane Farms to build biodigester that could produce enough RNG to heat nearly 1,000 homes. Announced December 2021. SJI: Announced four new RNG facilities with REV LNG planning to construct 2 million gallon anaerobic digesters, equipment to process biogas from dairy waste into higher-quality RNG, and related equipment at four family-owned dairy farms in Michigan. Together, the facilities will have the capacity to produce nearly 3 million therms of RNG, or roughly 300,000 MMBtu, per year. Announced December 2021. DTE: Partnership with Grand Rapids and DTE to take	Regulatory Actions Taken Filed June 2020; approved October 2020. Case No. U-21148: Consumers Energy included RNG production facility in rate request that it will build, own, operate, and maintain. Facility will have a net output of 56,000 mcf/year. Consumers is planning to sell the environmental attributes associated with the dairy-sourced RNG into existing carbon markets to reduce the revenue requirement for the facility. Filed December 1, 2021. Case No. U-21387: Consumers voluntary RNG program would allow customers to replace 1-100% of monthly gas use with RNG. A dollar per Mcf charge will be applied to the subscription portion of gas and be calculated each billing period based on the customer's usage and elected RNG percentage. Filed April 4, 2023. Approved March 2024.	State Government Proposals SB 138: The bill directs the PSC to develop and periodically update an inventory of biogas and RNG resources available in the state. Introduced February 2021. SB 82: state budget bill includes \$250,000 for the PSC to conduct an RNG study assessing the potential for RNG development in the state. Passed legislature September 22, 2021.	Notes/Comments MMBtu/year by 2050. ICF estimated a wide range of RNG production costs — less than \$10 to upwards of \$50 per MMBtu. Could reduce emissions by 7.9 MMt in the feasible scenario. This would equal a 22% reduction in state emissions. Final draft June 2022.
	or roughly 300,000 MMBtu, per year. Announced December 2021.	riieu Aprii 4, 2023. Approveu iviarcii 2024.		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	800 homes, Seeking \$6.25M for Swisslane Farm project which would produce enough RNG to heat			
	nearly 700 homes, Seeking \$6M for TDI Centennial			
	Farm project which would produce enough RNG to			
	heat 550 homes, and seeking \$9M for Wilson Farms			
	project which would produce enough RNG to heat nearly 600 homes.			
	Filed January 2023.			
	Consumers Energy: Expanded MI Clean Air program			
	to include several RNG projects in addition to the			
	program's existing carbon offset projects. The in			
	state projects will initially produce enough RNG to offset approximately 170,000 tons of carbon			
	dioxide each year.			
	,			
	Announced March 18, 2024.			
Minnesota	CenterPoint Energy: proposed a Voluntary Green	Docket 18-547: reviewing CenterPoint Energy's	In September 2019 Gov. Tim Walz <u>announced</u> the	
	<u>Tariff</u> . This program is offered to all residential customers.	proposal for a five-year Voluntary Green Tariff pilot program to offer RNG to residential customers.	creation of a Biofuels Council which will advise him on how to foster the growth of Minnesota's	
	customers.	program to oner five to residential customers.	biofuels industry.	
	Program denied by the Minnesota Public Utility	Submitted 8/23/2018. Oral argument held 7/26/19.	,	
	Commission.	On 8/29/19 Proposal <u>denied</u> without prejudice, PUC	SF No. 3013: The bill would establish a state	
	Vanis DEL augustion May 2020 and date collection	suggested CenterPoint address cost concerns and	regulatory policy allowing a utility to add RNG and	
	Xcel: RFI announced in May 2020 as data collection for future RNG tariff. Xcel expects to file a plan with	resubmit proposal. As of September, no decision on whether to continue pursuing the green tariff	hydrogen to its distribution system. Must submit plan to MPUC, the cost of the alternative resource	
	MN utility regulators by late 2020 or early 2021.	option, or to start exploring an interconnection	plan must be no more than five percent of the	
	,	tariff, which would allow producers to put more	utility's total annual revenue requirement. Also	
		RNG directly on the system.	calls for statewide inventory of Minnesota's	
			potential renewable natural gas resources.	
		<u>Docket 20-434</u> : CenterPoint request for RNG	Deced Canata hafaya agasisy adiayyya daiya dis	
		interconnection tariff. On June 25 the MN Dept. of Commerce recommended the MPUC approve the	Passed Senate before session adjourned sine die.	
		petition with minor recommended changes. Dept. of	HF 239/ SF 421: allows gas utilities to propose	
		Commerce <u>urged</u> PUC to adopt the tariff following	innovative resource plans. Innovative resource is	
		amendments made including the addition of an exit	defined to include biogas, RNG, and power-to-	



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
		fee for RNG producers. MPUC approved	hydrogen among others. Could invest up to 7.5%	
		interconnection tariff with slight modifications.	revenue requirement in RNG. May also seek	
			separate green tariff.	
		Approved January 27, 2021.		
			Introduced January 21, 2021.	
		Docket No. G-008/M-21: CenterPoint petition for		
		approval of a carbon intensity framework for RNG	HF 6: reintroduced version of HF 239 in special	
		and a threshold carbon intensity requirement for	session.	
		RNG interconnection producers.		
			Enacted June 26, 2021.	
		Filed May 7, 2021.		
			SF 3336/ HF 3681: Directs grant funding to the	
		Docket No. G-008/M-23-215: CenterPoint MN filed	Agricultural Utilization Research Institute to	
		NGIA plan including several proposed RNG projects.	conduct AD feedstock study for the production of	
			RNG.	
		Filed June 28, 2023.		
			Introduced February 21, 2022.	
Mississippi				
Missouri	Spire: Partnership with Kansas City to produce RNG		HB 734: requires PSC to adopt rules for voluntary	
	from Blue River Wastewater Treatment Plant,		RNG program for utilities. Directs PSC to establish	
	expected to be online in 2025. KC Water estimates		reporting requirements and a process for utilities to	
	it will reduce GHG emissions by approximately		fully recover prudently incurred costs associated	
	20,000 tons of CO2e/year. The project will produce		with a renewable natural gas program.	
	enough energy to fuel 4300 homes annually.		Doscod May 2021	
	Announced January 10, 2024		Passed May 2021.	
Montana	Announced January 10, 2024.			
Montana	Plack Hills Engage The Orestee City Course	Ann No NC 117, DUE confication for formation		
Nebraska	Black Hills Energy: The Omaha City Council	App. No. NG-117: BHE application for four-year		
	approved a \$20 million Biogas Conditioning	voluntary RNG pilot program. Offering customers		
	Project to produce RNG from the Papillion Creek	"blocks" to offset monthly emissions/\$5, each block		
	Water Resource Recovery Facility. The gas will be	represents 20.5 therms or 33% of average customer		
	sent to Black Hills Energy, who's building a pipeline	monthly emissions.		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	to connect to the facility, with a project completion date set for 2024.	Filed October 4, 2022.		
	Approved August 16, 2022.			
Nevada	Southwest Gas Corp: pursuing partnerships with the City of Las Vegas Wastewater Treatment Plant and the Clark County Sanitation District to procure biogas and offer RNG to customers. Presented plan in 2017 at NV State Assembly Subcommittee on Energy SW Gas: Offers RNG services such as: biogas gathering; biogas cleaning and conditioning; RNG transportation; and interconnection to SW Gas pipelines. These services are offered to RNG producers, such as landfills and waste water treatment plants, not to residential customers.	19-06006: Docket established by SB 154 requiring PUC to adopt regulations authorizing certain RNG activities. On December 13, 2019 the Nevada Public Utility Commission issued its initial draft regulations as required under SB 154 passed earlier this year. A utility seeking approval for RNG activity must describe the activity proposed, estimate costs and revenue requirements, an explanation of the environmental benefits of the activity, the mechanism the utility proposes to recover costs associated with the activity, and an estimate of the activity's impact on the utility's rate base. A commission order approving RNG activity under the proposed regulation is not a determination of prudency of the proposed activity. The prudency of the activity shall be considered in an application filed by a utility under NRS 704.110. Adopted April 29, 2020. Docket 21-01015: SW Gas application for authority to purchase RNG for inclusion in supply portfolio equivalent to 3% of its Nevada supply portfolio pursuant to SB 154. In its order the NVPUC stated	SB 154: requires the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada to adopt regulations authorizing a public utility which purchases natural gas for resale to engage in renewable natural gas activities and to recover the reasonable and prudent costs of such activities. Directs utilities to attempt to incorporate the following amounts of RNG into their supply: 1% by 2025; 2% by 2030; and 3% by 2035. Signed into law in 2019. Bill Draft Request 58-108: State Senator Kelvin Atkinson requested a bill draft request (BDR) for the 2019 legislative session that would "make certain changes relating to renewable natural gas." There is no further information on this BDR. To-date, no such bill has been proposed.	
		that SW Gas must show its RNG activity will provide one or more environmental benefits as required under state law, a hearing or amended application is likely forthcoming.		
		Filed January 5, 2021; Order issued April 13, 2021.		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
State New Hampshire	-	Regulatory Actions Taken DG 18-140: In response to SB 577 Liberty Utilities petitioned for approval of an RNG supply and transportation contract. Proposes to reduce customer costs by monetizing the thermal RECs and selling them through the established marketplace for \$3.92-\$4.62/dekatherm. Filed in 2018; Liberty requested PUC close docket without prejudice February 2020. DG 21-036: Following DG 18-140, Liberty refiled petition for approval of an RNG supply and transportation contract. Liberty would agree to buy all RNG from the landfill for a 17-year term with the option to buy the RNG facility after four years, requiring separate approval. Liberty has commitments to sell 65% of the RNG and is looking at a voluntary tariff for RNG. Filed March 4, 2021.	State Government Proposals SB 218: included obligations for "useful thermal energy" as part of the New Hampshire Renewable Portfolio Standards by creating a carve-out which dedicated a portion of the existing Class I requirement to qualifying thermal facilities. Useful thermal energy includes energy that can be metered and that is delivered as heat, steam, or hot water directly to the New Hampshire consumer and used for heating, cooling, humidity control, process (manufacturing), or other valid thermal end uses. Signed into law in 2012. SB 577: Allows thermal energy derived from biological sources to generate renewable energy credits under the state's thermal energy RPS carveout. Signed into law in 2018. SB 424: Authorizes PUC to approve utility petition for RNG procurement and qualified infrastructure investment if in public interest. RNG costs cannot exceed five percent of utility's total gas volume	Notes/Comments
			delivered unless approved by PUC and total bill increase does not exceed three percent annually.	
New Jersey	South Jersey Industries: acquired a minority interest	Docket No. GR21060878: PSEG in its Annual gas	Introduced Dec. 30, 2021. Enacted June 2022. S2205 would allow electric energy produced from	Report in the
	in REV LNG, LLC - a company specializing in the development, production and transportation of renewable natural gas (RNG- along with the rights to develop anaerobic digesters at a portfolio of	supply commodity charge requested authority to procure up to 1% of its annual gas supply as RNG. PSEG is not seeking to purchase RNG in the instant filing.	biofuel to be eligible as a Class II renewable energy. Introduced in 2018.	Journal Sustainability "The Feasibility of Renewable
	dairy farms to produce RNG. Announced February 24, 2021.	Filed June 1, 2021.	A3726: Classifies landfills with gas capture as recycling facilities. The bill requires specific methods of food waste recycling and food waste-to-energy production. Sending food waste offsite for	Natural Gas in New Jersey"



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	SJI: Plans to spend \$280 million over the next five	Docket GR23030102: Proposing to invest \$120	treatment with sewage sludge in an anaerobic	
	years on up to 25 RNG dairy farm facilities. Expects	million to install an RNG facility that will allow for	digester for renewable natural gas or biogas	
	8 online and profitable by 2022.	injection of 1 BCF/year of RNG from the Middlesex	recovery is an alternative authorized recycling	
		County Utilities Authority Landfill into the PSEG	method under the bill. Also amends the definition	
	Announced May 6, 2021.	system.	of "Class I renewable energy" to include methane	
	South Janeau Industries, Construction hagen on	Filed March 1, 2022	gas from landfills, methane gas from a biomass	
	South Jersey Industries: Construction began on	Filed March 1, 2023.	AFacility, or methane gas from an anaerobic or	
	Linden Renewable Energy Project in January, the largest food waste to RNG facility in the country.		aerobic digestion facility.	
	The \$440M project will process 1,475 tons of waste		Passed in 2019, conditional veto. Passed House in	
	daily and will interconnect directly into		2020.	
	Elizabethtown Gas distribution system.		2020.	
			NJ S 3526/ A 5655: directs the BPU to establish a	
	Groundbreaking April 2024.		program to encourage the procurement of RNG and	
	J .		investment in RNG infrastructure by a gas utility.	
			The bill establishes portfolio targets starting at 5%	
			by 2024 the bill sets targets increasing by five	
			percent every five years ending in 30 percent RNG	
			by 2050. Allows utility to annually invest up to 5%	
			of total revenue requirement.	
			Introduced March 9, 2021	
			NJ A 577: Directs the BPU to establish a program to	
			encourage the procurement of RNG and investment	
			in RNG infrastructure by a gas utility. Allows utility	
			to annually invest up to 5% of total revenue	
			requirement.	
			Introduced January 11, 2022.	
New Mexico				
New York	Con Edison: indicated a desire to construct 3 RNG	Case 97-G-1380: originally opened in the 1990's.	A6249: will create a credit for the production of	The
	production facilities and offer incentives to	Several utilities such as <u>Central Hudson</u> & <u>National</u>	RNG. The proposed credit would be up to 25 cents	"Interconnect
	customers who reduce natural gas usage.	Grid, as well as coalitions such as the NY Retail	per gallon for the production of RNG that is	Guide for RNG in
	Put out a <u>Request for Proposal</u> for non-pipeline	<u>Choice Coalition</u> have recently submitted	presented to market (capped at \$2.5 million	New York State"
	solutions to provide natural gas system relief during	modifications to their gas transportation operating	annually and only for 4 years).	was released by
Undated: June 2024	peak periods. Specifically, suggested RNG.			NGA & GTI in



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	Projects have not started, pending PSC approval for cost recovery. On March 16, 2020 Con ED and O&R filed an updated standardized interconnection procedure for RNG. Filing also includes an optional forma gas purchase agreement. National Grid: partnered with NYC Dept. Environ. Protect. to launch the Newtown Creek Renewable Gas Demonstration Project which turns biogas from large waste water treatment plant into RNG and injects it into pipelines to serve residential and commercial customers.	procedures to include the injection of RNG into their systems for distribution to customers. The most recent final order filed on this ongoing case was 2003. Case 19-01092: National Grid's proposed green tariff is part of its larger "Future of Heat" filing. The offering will include four tiers, allowing customers to select the level of green gas procurement that works for their budget and environmental aspirations. The filing also includes an RNG power-to-gas pilot project. Filed in 2019.	Introduced in 2017 and referred to Ways and Means in 2018. NY A 9392: Includes waste to energy within the definition of renewable energy systems under state law. WTE is defined as thermal and non-thermal tech able to produce energy from waste without direct combustion.	August 2019. This report outlines the ways that RNG can be effectively incorporated into local natural gas systems. O&R RNG Potential Study released March 2020.
	The facility is expected to begin operation in the second quarter of 2021. National Grid proposed a Green Gas Tariff offering that will enable its Downstate New York customers to voluntarily purchase RNG to meet all or a portion of their energy needs.	<u>Case 19-G-066</u> : Con Ed approved to purchase RNG, with NYPSC recognizing that RNG may be more costly than conventional supplies, and granted recovery of RNG interconnection costs through a consumer rate surcharge until rolled into base rates in the next rate case.		
	<u>UGI</u> : teaming up with Global Common Energy to form Cayuga RNG Holdings to make RNG from dairy waste in New York. First project in Cayuga County will produce an estimated 50 MMcf of RNG per year, will go online in second half of 2022. A UGI subsidiary will exclusively off-take and market the RNG.	Docket No. 20-G-0498: National Fuel seeking approval to amend its monthly gas supply charge tariff provisions to allow for the procurement and cost recovery associated with RNG. Proposed to limit RNG commodity purchases, at this time, to 2 percent of its total volumetric purchases. Proposed October 9, 2020.		
	Announced May 4, 2021. UGI: Announced second RNG project in New York as part of the company's Cayuga RNG partnership. The project will be located at Allen Farms in the Finger	Case 20-G-0381: National Grid authorized to procure locally sourced RNG up to one percent annually increasing one percent per year over five years. Stipulated that environmental attributes must		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	Lakes region. The project will include the	remain with RNG project developers. Also		
	construction of an anaerobic digester and a	authorizes longer-term supply contracts for RNG		
	combined heat and power project. Once completed	subject to reasonable pricing terms.		
	in the second half of calendar 2022, the project is	loint Proposal issued January 20, 2022		
	expected to annually produce 85 million cubic feet of RNG.	Joint Proposal issued January 20, 2022.		
	or mys.			
	Announced September 7, 2021.			
	<u>Liberty</u> : Announced it is seeking regulatory approval			
	to build a 2.5-mile gas line to a RNG source at the			
	Stauffer dairy farm. Liberty anticipates the project			
	will be complete by the end of the year.			
	Announced March 2022. Approved October 2022.			
North Carolina	Piedmont Natural Gas: worked with stakeholders	Docket No. G-9, Sub 698: The NC Utilities	SB 605: streamlines permit process for turning hog	
	and NC Public Staff to develop a gas quality	Commission approved PNG's Tariff which outlined	waste into RNG. Would create "general permits" for	
	standard and alternative gas requirement tariff.	the requirements for alternative gas being injected	animal farm operations that allow the owner to	
	This tariff received approval through the NC Utilities	onto PNG's system. The Commission setup the	operate a farm digester system that collects	
	Commission and is applicable for any alternative gas		methane gas.	
	projects in NC.	Program. PNG is required to provide status updates, which can be <u>found here</u> .	Introduced April 7, 2021. Passed June 25, 2021.	
	Tariff received approval in 2018.	which can be <u>lound here.</u>	introduced April 7, 2021. Passed Julie 25, 2021.	
	raini received approvar in 2018.	On May 21, 2021 the pilot program was extended		
	Dominion: partnered with Smithfield Foods to	for an additional three years for both PNG and		
	create Align Renewable Natural Gas, the company	PSNC. PUC determined that swine manure and		
	that will be responsible for capturing and	swine processing wastewater are acceptable		
	converting the RNG to be put into the pipelines for	feedstocks and no longer need to be part of a pilot		
	residential and commercial customers. This joint	program.		
	venture will operate in North Carolina, Virginia, and	Dilat myagyam hagan in 2018. Describering for		
	Utah. Dominion broke ground in August 2019 on	Pilot program began in 2018. Reauthorized for three more years on May 21, 2021.		
	North Carolina's largest RNG project, which will	three more years on way 21, 2021.		
	generate enough energy to power more than 3,500 homes annually.	Docket No. G-9, Sub 784: Piedmont Natural Gas		
	nomes annually.	(Duke) filed with NCUC to offer Green Edge program		
	Project construction began in 2018, anticipated to	allowing customers to purchase green blocks in \$3		
	be on-line 2019.	increments, blocks comprised of environmental		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
		attributes associated with RNG production and		
	Duke Energy: Announced minority stake In	carbon offsets. Four blocks per month would offset		
	SustainRNG, company expects its first farm-based	average residential customer annual use.		
	RNG project to go live in late 2021. Projects will			
	provide local RNG to end users via Duke's pipeline network.	Filed March 15, 2021. Approved March 2022.		
		Docket No. G 5, Sub 635: Dominion North Carolina		
	July 31, 2020	filed with NCUC to offer a voluntary green tariff		
		program where customers may elect to purchase		
	Dominion: Requested approval to offer customers	one or more half-dekatherm blocks of RNG		
	voluntary green tariff program.	attributes. A customer's purchase of RNG attributes		
		are not based on customer usage, and revenues		
	Filed April 1, 2021.	from the program will be used to cover the		
		Company's cost of purchasing RNG attributes and		
	Duke Energy: Announced RNG projects in Caldwell	administrative costs.		
	and Person County with each county to produce	Filed April 1, 2021. Approved September 6, 2022.		
	roughly 500,000 dth of RNG/year equivalent to the			
	average gas use of 17,000 homes. The landfill			
	projects are already under construction and are			
	expected to be operational in the fourth quarter of			
	2022.			
	Announced April 28, 2022.			
	Piedmont Natural Gas: GreenEdge program offers			
	customers choice to purchase "blocks" consisting of			
	RNG attributes and carbon offsets to offset monthly			
	gas usage. Each block represents 25% of average			
	customer monthly emissions at \$3/block.			
	Launched 2022.			
North Dakota				
Ohio	UGI: Hamilton RNG Holdings, LLC announced on		HB 166: Allows gas utilities to treat infrastructure	
Onio	August 4 th that it has entered into definitive		related to biologically derived methane gas as	
	agreements to develop innovative food waste		"useful" facilities for distribution service, thus	
	digester projects to produce RNG in Ohio and		allowing utilities to recover on this investment as	
	Kentucky. Hamilton RNG is a joint venture owned		part of a normal rate case.	
Undated: June 2024	,			



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
State	by a subsidiary of UGI Energy Services and Synthica Energy, LLC. Hamilton RNG's first project, "Synthica St. Bernard", is being developed in the Village of St. Bernard, Ohio, approximately five miles north of Cincinnati. The digester is expected to be completed in the first half of calendar 2023 and will process approximately 190,000 annual tons of food waste from nearby food manufacturers in an anaerobic digester. The project is expected to generate approximately 250,000 MMBTUs of pipeline-quality RNG each year that will be injected into a local natural gas pipeline on the regional distribution system. Announced August 4, 2021. Chesapeake: Announced construction of landfill RNG project at the Noble Road Landfill in Shiloh. Invested \$7.3 million in the project, which was constructed in just over a six-month period. Throughput of the RNG is expected to begin in the fourth quarter of 2021.	Regulatory Actions Taken	Effective July 2019.	Notes/Comments
Oklahoma	Announced October 14, 2021. ONE Gas: Partnership with Vanguard Renewables to		HB 3970: Requires OCC to issue a report by Dec.	
	develop and expand farm-based RNG projects across Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas.	identify and examine issues regarding the development of RNG, hydrogen, and related	2020 on recommendations regarding the ability and appropriateness of natural gas utilities to procure,	
	acioss Kalisas, Okialiolila, aliu Texas.	infrastructure in the state.	transport and deliver renewable natural gas to	
	Announced April 29, 2021.		customers.	
		Issued August 2020	Introduced January 2020.	
		Cause No. PUD202100063: ONE Gas seeking to	introduced January 2020.	
		spend up to \$10 million per year to purchase RNG	HB 1815: Directs OCC, by December 1, 2021, to	
		for distribution to customers. The company would recover the cost through its purchased-gas cost	issue a report and recommendations to the legislature on the ability of utilities to procure RNG	
		mechanism. The utility also asked permission to	for customers. The report must also discuss the	
		spend an additional \$10 million per year on	methods for recovery of associated costs from	



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
		supporting infrastructure. Settlement agreed to recover commodity costs of up to \$5 million annually for the purchase of renewable natural gas. Permitted to request approval, by Dec. 31, 2022, of a renewable natural gas pilot program including an opt-in provision to allocate costs and benefits of renewable natural gas to customers interested in this type of service. Filed May 28, 2021; settlement filed 10/27/21 PUD2022-000128: ONE Gas voluntary RNG pilot program approved. November 22, 2023.	ratepayers, such as transport infrastructure and commodity costs. Enacted April 2021.	
Oregon	NW Natural: partnered with the City of Portland's Bureau of Environmental Services to build an RNG production facility, pipeline monitoring, and interconnection infrastructure. NW Natural procures RNG and transports it through pipelines to fuel the Bureau's Garbage Truck Fleet. Not for residential utility customers. Program began in 2017. NW Natural: Smart Energy program allows residential and business customers to pay a voluntary tariff to support the development of biogas projects. NW Natural: Announced partnership with BioCarbN to convert methane from some of Tyson Foods facilities into RNG. NW Natural has options to invest up to an estimated \$38 million in four separate RNG	Recommendation from the Oregon Dept. of Energy: As a result of SB 334, the OR DOE produced a report detailing the policy/regulatory barriers to using RNG as an energy source in OR. This report recommended that the PUC adopt an RNG program that allows the gas utilities to procure RNG, sell it to customers, and recover capital expenses associated with providing RNG. The regulations pursuant to SB 98 are being established in Docket No. AR 632. Order No. 20-227: Pursuant to SB 98, rules under which utilities may procure RNG for customers with voluntary volumetric goals set by SB 98. Allows utilities to invest in and own the cleaning and conditioning equipment required to bring raw biogas and landfill gas up to pipeline quality, as well as the facilities to connect to the local gas	SB 334: directed the Oregon Dept. of Energy to develop, maintain and periodically update inventory of available RNG resources in the state. Became law in 2017. SB 98: Requires the PUC to adopt by rule renewable natural gas program for natural gas utilities to recover prudently incurred qualified investments in meeting certain targets for including renewable natural gas in gas purchases for distribution to retail natural gas customers. Law supports RNG targets of 15% by 2030, 20% by 2035 and 30% by 2050. Requires commission to adopt rules no later than December 31, 2019. Became law in 2019. SB 314: Authorizes PUC to allow gas utilities to recover costs from retail customers for prudent	



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	development projects. Expected to generate more than 1.2 million MMBtu of RNG annually.	distribution system. Sets on incremental costs to acquire RNG and application of cost-effectiveness calculation.	investments infrastructure measures that support adoption and service of alternative forms of transportation vehicles.	
	Announced January 2021. NW Natural: Issued RFP seeking RNG resources and/or associated environmental benefits from feedstocks including renewable hydrogen resources. Issued July 8, 2021. NW Natural: Announced second RNG contract under SB 98 with Element Markets. Under the agreement with Element Markets, NW Natural will purchase the environmental attributes, or Renewable Thermal Certificates, generated by a new RNG facility at a wastewater treatment plant in New York City and a Wisconsin-based mixed waste anaerobic digester facility. NW Natural may begin acquiring RTCs under this agreement as early as September 2021. With the addition of this most recent contract, NW Natural has signed agreements with options to purchase or develop RNG totaling about 2% of NW Natural's annual sales volume in Oregon, enough to heat about 36,000 homes. Announced August 4, 2021. NW Natural: Announced 21-year RNG supply deal with Archaea Energy to purchase the environmental attributes generated by Archaea related up to one million MMBtu of RNG annually for a fixed fee. The agreement will commence in early 2022 with the full quantity beginning in 2025. Announced November 16, 2021.	Issued March 27, 2020, draft rules issued 7/8, Issued 7/16 NW Natural: Application to Defer Cost of Service Associated with Tyson RNG Project filed with OPUC. Expected to produce 1.9 million therms of RNG per year, which is 0.26% of NW Natural's Oregon sales. estimated to be approximately \$8.6 million for deferral period. Filed December 30, 2020. ADV 1378: Avista seeking approval to implement voluntary RNG program allowing customers to purchase blocks equal to 1.5 therms of RNG for \$5 per block. Filed March 2, 2022.	Introduced January 2021. Passed Senate 3/21.	



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	NW Natural: Metropolitan Wastewater Management Commission announced its RNG facility is now providing RNG directly NW Natural's distribution system becoming the first Oregon public agency to do so. Announced November 2021.			
Pennsylvania	PGW & PECO have <u>partnered</u> with The Energy Coop to offer Philadelphia-area residents RNG come January 2020. PGW will not purchase RNG as part of its gas supply portfolio, but The Energy Co-op will offer RNG as a third-party supplier on the utilities' system.	PGW: Sought pilot project to procure RNG amounting to one percent of gas supply over two years. Would have spent \$500,000/ year to buy RNG. ALJ and Office of Consumer Advocate recommended approval but staff and PUC denied the project as part of PGW's gas cost recovery		
		proceeding.		
	UGI : completed an internal project charter with the purpose of defining and documenting the	Ordered August 26, 2021.		
	requirements, processes, and standards for			
	introducing RNG supplies into the UGI gas distribution system. UGI expects to have gas quality specifications finalized within the next 6-8 weeks.	Docket No. R-2021-3025652: PUC approved UGI's purchased gas cost settlement which includes an RNG pilot program. UGI will purchase a set amount		
	July 7, 2020	of RNG and associated credit attributes, sourced from the Keystone Landfill in Dunmore. UGI will		
	UGI: Announced interconnection agreement with landfill in Northeast PA that upon completion will	unbundle the RINs from the commodity and securitize them for sale to interested third parties.		
	be the largest RNG supply point in the U.S. February 4, 2021. Operational January 2022.	Approved October 7, 2021.		
	UGI: Will purchase 331,785 MMBtu of RNG generated by Archaea annually from its Assai RNG facility in Dunmore, PA for a fixed fee for a period of 5 years.	Docket No. R-2022-3032167: Columbia Gas proposing a five-year RNG pilot - the Green Path Rider. Under the voluntary program CGM will purchase RNG, environmental attributes and carbon. Will match the customer's election of either		
	Deliveries will begin July 1, 2022.	a 100% reduction or a 50% reduction in emissions. Customers opting into the Green Path Rider will be		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
		charged an additional fee per therm that reflects the cost of the RNG environmental attributes and		
		carbon offsets. The program would be offered to all		
		residential and general service customers that are		
		not in arrears.		
		Filed April 26, 2022.		
		FERC Application: Columbia Gas of PA filed an		
		application at FERC to transport RNG in interstate		
		commerce.		
		Filed December 21, 2022.		
· · · · ·				
Rhode Island				
South Carolina	<u>Piedmont Natural Gas</u> : GreenEdge program offers customers choice to purchase "blocks" consisting of			
	RNG attributes and carbon offsets to offset monthly			
	gas usage. Each block represents 25% of average			
	customer monthly emissions at \$3/block.			
	Approved by DIIC April 2022			
South Dakota	Approved by PUC April 2023.	NG22-006: Northwestern Energy application for		
		RNG interconnection service with CE bp Renew		
		Dynamic Co II. Northwestern will build the		
		interconnection site where trucked-in RNG will be		
		injected into the utility's existing pipeline. The producer will be responsible for the site itself.		
		Details of the contract are confidential.		
		Approved August 2, 2022.		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
Tennessee	Southern: Announced ownership of Meadow Branch Landfill Methane Recovery Facility in Athens, Tenn. In 2020, the facility produced 340,000 MMBtu of RNG, enough to serve about 3,400 homes for a year. Announced May 5, 2021. Piedmont Natural Gas: GreenEdge program offers customers choice to purchase "blocks" consisting of RNG attributes and carbon offsets to offset monthly gas usage. Each block represents 25% of average customer monthly emissions at \$3/block. Approved by PUC March 2023. Chattanooga Gas: Entered into first RNG purchase agreement pursuant to SB 1959. The deal involves acquiring environmental credits from facilities in Nebraska and Indiana.		SB 1959: authorizes utility to seek cost recovery on innovative resources, including RNG and hydrogen. Incremental rate adjustment cannot exceed 2% of annual revenue requirement. Third party procurements cannot exceed 3% of annual total cost of gas. Introduced January 27, 2022. Passed March 2022.	
Texas	Texas Gas Service (ONE Gas): Worked with Austin City Council in supporting natural gas sustainability resolution. Resolution requests TGS to develop feasibility study for RNG in Austin area by late Spring 2020. Final Report from July 2020 here. ONE Gas: ONE Gas is exploring offtake options for RNG for its largest industrial and commercial customers to align the higher costs of RNG with corporate sustainability goals. Looking at Austin which is the utility's fastest growing customer base. Announced at AGA Financial Forum May 2021.		HB 2262: Authorizes utilities to purchase alternative gases and invest in associated infrastructure both presumed to be prudent, reasonable, and necessary expenses. Introduced February 13, 2023.	
Utah	Dominion: Completed the first RNG project under its Align RNG subsidiary in Milford, UT producing RNG from 26 family hog farms.	Docket No. 19-057-T04: The Utah Public Service Commission approved a settlement stipulation, dated July 9, 2019, authorizing Dominion Energy		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	Completed December 2020. Dominion announced partnership with Vanguard Renewables to invest \$200 million over five years in dairy farm RNG projects across Utah, Georgia, Nevada, Colorado, and New Mexico. Dominion will own the projects and market the RNG while Vanguard will design, develop, and operate the projects. Dominion's GreenTherm Voluntary RNG Program will begin November 2019.	Utah to implement the GreenTherm Voluntary Renewable Natural Gas Program. Effective November 1, 2019.		
Vermont	Vermont Gas Systems: started a voluntary RNG program for all classes of customers. Program began in 2017.	Docket No. 8667: approved Vermont Gas's petition to establish a voluntary RNG program. Approved April 2016.		
	Vermont Gas Systems: Broke ground for new anerobic digester in a partnership with Middlebury College and Vanguard Renewables. RNG produced at the dairy farm will piped to Middlebury College's main power plant.	Case No. 19-3529-PET: VGS received approval of its alternative regulatory plan allowing it to blend up to 2% per year of RNG into its supply. Approved August 11, 2021.		
	Construction will be completed in 2020. The City of Burlington has released its Net Zero Energy Roadmap which has a goal of net zero fossil fuel use by 2030. Central to the city's goal is the use of RNG to reduce emissions from buildings.	Case No. 22-2230-PET: VGS petition for 14.5-year contract to purchase RNG from Seneca Meadows landfill in NY. Would initially provide VGS with enough RNG to meet about 4 percent of its current peak demand, rising to 13 percent by 2030. Could potentially increase rates by as much as 3.6%		
	In October 2019 Vermont Gas and NG Advantage announced it would start offering RNG for distribution to customers currently receiving CNG and who are not connected to pipelines. Vermont Gas is confident it can use the same trucking equipment for RNG distribution as it currently uses	percent if VGS uses all the gas on behalf of its customers but also has ability to resell some of the RNG to reduce rate impact. Filed June 2022. Hearing Officer recommend approval October 2022. Approved November 2022.		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	to distribute CNG. This offering is believed to be the first of its kind in the country.	Case No. 22-5085-PET: VGS has requested the ability to include up to 6% of alternative RNG supply in the PGA relative to VGS's overall retail sales during the three-year term of the plan and up to 4% over the term of the two-year extension. Filed December 2022.		
Virginia	Dominion: partnered with Smithfield Foods to create <u>Align Renewable Natural Gas</u> , the company that will be responsible for capturing and converting the RNG to be put into the pipelines for residential and commercial customers. This joint	CASE NO. PUR-2020-00095: Virginia Natural Gas proposed interconnection tariff for suppliers to deliver RNG to VGS's system. Filed June 1, 2020. Withdrawn without prejudice	HB 461: establishes a tax credit for renewable energy property placed in service. The bill in part defines "renewable energy property" to include certain biomass equipment that uses renewable biomass resources and combined heat and power	
	venture will operate in North Carolina, Virginia, and Utah.	July 2021. PUR-2021-00298: Virginia Natural Gas proposed	systems using waste heat to produce electricity or thermal or mechanical energy.	
	Project construction began in 2018, anticipated to be on-line 2019.	sustainable gas program including interconnection allowance pilot program. Would allow VNG to spend no more than \$4 million annually for five years in	Introduced 2020. HB 558: Authorize VCC to approve utility	
	Roanoke Gas: Announced entered into a cooperative agreement with Western VA Water Authority to produce RNG from the Roanoke	capital investment, capped at \$2 million for a single facility. VNG will receive a level of enviro attributes from interconnect facilities that participate. VNG is	application to incorporate RNG, hydrogen, and low- emission gas into supply portfolio. Allows utilities to recover certain costs relating to biogas supply	
	Regional Water Pollution Control Plant. This RNG product, the first of its kind in the Commonwealth, will necessitate construction of a digester gas	also proposing to purchase both RNG and NextGen Gas for delivery and use on VNG's system. The recovery of any incremental costs would be limited	infrastructure projects. No project may provide an annual volume of biogas that exceeds 3% of the utility's annual demand, and no combination of	
	conditioning system and interconnect facility at the Water Pollution Control Plant. At full buildout, the proposed digester gas conditioning system will have	to 15% of the total annual projected comparable gas cost for traditional geologic production.	projects may provide an annual volume that exceeds 15%.	
	the ability to treat a biogas design flow of 550,000 cubic feet per day to create commercial quality	Filed December 21, 2021. Approved March 2023.	Introduced January 12, 2022. Passed March 2022.	
	Announced May 16, 2022.	PUR-2022-00036: Columbia Gas proposing a five- year RNG pilot - the Green Path Rider. Under the voluntary program CGM will purchase RNG,		
	Washington Gas: Signed definitive agreement with	environmental attributes and carbon. Will match the customer's election of either a 100% reduction or a		
	OPAL Fuels to offtake RNG from Prince William County Landfill to produce 12.4 million gallon	50% reduction in emissions. Would cost the average residential customer an additional \$16.20/month for		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	equivalents of RNG per year. WGL will spend \$25	the 100% option. The program would be offered to		
	million to interconnect facility and pending SCC	all residential and general service customers that are		
	approval will put investment into rate base and	not in arrears.		
	qualify for 100-basis point bonus to ROE under			
	Virgnia Energy Innovation Act. WGL will offtake 49%	Filed April 29, 2022.		
	of physical RNG and 10% of green attributes linked			
	to the offtake.	PUR-2022-00125: Roanoke Gas application for		
		approval of a certificate of public convenience and		
	Announced November 3, 2023.	necessity to construct, own, and operate a digester		
		gas conditioning system and for a rate adjustment		
	<u>Virginia Natural Gas</u> : Entered into first RNG	clause designated Rider RNG and related tariff		
	transaction on behalf of customers as made	provisions.		
	possible by the Energy Innovation Act. The deal			
	involves acquiring environmental attributes from a	Filed August 3, 2022.		
	wastewater facility in Nebraska and an agricultural			
	co-digestion facility in Indiana. The estimated cost	PUR-2022-00036: Settlement filed authorizing		
	impact to customers is only about \$0.37/month, or	Columbia Gas to implement a voluntary RNG tariff,		
	less than \$5.00 for the year. The emissions	the "Green Path Service." Allows residential and		
	reductions from this transaction, the first of its kind	small general service customers to reduce their		
	for VNG, are estimated to be equivalent to the	emissions by either 50 or 100% with CG procuring a		
	carbon sequestered by more than 10,000 acres of	mix of RNG certificates and carbon offsets.		
	US forests.			
	40.2024	Settlement filed December 8, 2022.		
	Announced January 10, 2024.	DUD 2022 00054. Commission annual MCI to		
		PUR-2022-00054: Commission approved WGL to		
		purchase RNG and hydrogen up to 5% of total		
		projected annual gas costs in company's PGC.		
		Issued August 29, 2023.		
		Case No. PUR-2023-00220: WGL seeking approval of		
		a biogas supply investment plan and for a rate		
		adjustment clause designated RNG rider. Project will		
		transport 4,400 MMBtu per day of RNG over a 20-		
		year period from Prince William County Landfill.		
		Filed December 4, 2023.		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
Washington	Puget Sound Energy: entered into a 20-year	Docket UG-152164: Puget Sound Energy filed a tariff	HB 2580: reinstate and expand tax incentive for	RNG Report
	agreement with Bio Energy Washington (BEW) to	revision with the Utility and Transportation	certain digesters to promote investment in	conducted by
	procure all the pipeline-quality RNG recovered from	Commission to procure RNG from biomethane	production and use of RNG.	Washington State
	the Cedar Hills Landfill.	producers in their service territory and inject it into		University with
		PSE pipelines to provide RNG to customers.	Became law in 2018.	funding from the
	Agreement entered into in 2009			WA Dept. of
		Filed in 2015 and withdrawn in 2016.	HB 1070: provides a public utility tax exemption for	Commerce.
	Puget Sound Energy: In public comments made at		sales of RNG by a gas distribution business, thereby	
	2019 summer NARUC meeting, PSE is projecting	<u>U-190818</u> : Staff investigation into renewable natural	subjecting the gas to the same (and therefore	
	that 2% of its throughput will be RNG.	gas programmatic design and pipeline safety	lower) tax rate as RNG used as transportation fuel.	
		standards under HB 1257.		
	Puget Sound Energy: Agreed to 20-year RNG		Passed the House, sent to Senate. Reintroduced	
	contract with Klickitat Public Utility District. Under	Opened September 2019. <u>Issued</u> December 2020.	and retained in present status for 2020 session.	
	the first phase of the agreement, PSE will purchase			
	an estimated 550,000 dekatherms per year for the	Advice No. 2020-17: PSE sought tariff revision of its	HB 1257: Requires gas utilities to offer by tariff	
	first three years. Under phase two, PSE will	PGAM allowing it to implement its RNG program.	voluntary RNG service for customers with	
	purchase an estimated 1.65 million to 1.9 million	RNG purchased pursuant to RCW 80.28.385(1) will	participation limited by availability of supply.	
	dekatherms per year which could grow to as much	come from Klickitat starting in July 2020. Notes PSE	Customer charge for RNG cannot be more than 5%	
	as 2.5 million, for the remainder of the contract.	plans to file an offering of a voluntary RNG tariff in	of amount charged to retail customers for natural	
		the near future.	gas.	
	Announced May 2020			
		Filed June 11, 2020	Became law in 2019.	
	NW Natural: Smart Energy program		SB 5659: Authorizes certain tax exemptions for RNG	
		<u>WUTC RNG Policy Statement</u> - makes clear that the	equipment and authorizes gas utilities to construct	
	Avista: Avista's 2021 gas IRP identifies it is	five percent cap will be calculated as five percent of	and maintain certain RNG infrastructure. Removes	
	developing a voluntary RNG program in addition to	the total retail revenue requirement for all retail gas	existing 5% cost cap on utility RNG programs.	
	other efforts to get more RNG onto its system.	customers, rejecting several other potential		
		approaches to this calculation that likely would have	Introduced February 1, 2023.	
	PSE: 2021 IRP notes PSE is in final design of tariff	been more restrictive.		
	provisions and IT enhancements to facilitate			
	availability of a voluntary RNG program for PSE	Issued 12/16/20		
	customers to take effect in 2021. RNG supply not			
	utilized in PSE's voluntary RNG program(s) will be	<u>UG-220715</u> : Puget Sound Energy seeking changes to		
	incorporated into PSE's supply portfolio, displacing	voluntary RNG program. The proposed changes		
	natural gas purchases as provided for in HB 1257.	decrease the number of therms purchased from		
		3.221 to 2.732 and increase the credit for		



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	PSE: Voluntary program allows customers to purchase RNG in blocks to offset up to 100% of their average household emissions. Program has 1,200 customers as of June 2022.	conventional natural gas from \$1.00907 to \$1.30486, both per \$5.00 block of RNG. Filed September 19, 2022. UG-240140: Cascade Natural Gas seeking approval		
	Launched December 2021.	to offer customers a voluntary RNG program.		
	Avista: Voluntary program allows customers to purchase RNG in blocks to offset up to 100% of their average household emissions. Avista: RFP seeking to obtain RNG that meets aspirational goals to reduce natural gas emissions 30% by 2030 and to be carbon neutral in natural gas operations by 2045. The RFP is open to parties who currently own, propose to develop, or hold rights to resources, or those marketing a resource or portfolio of resources meeting Avista's requirements for RNG. Bidders may submit multiple proposals; each proposal may include certain configuration, contracting or pricing options. Avista anticipates RNG deliveries to be no earlier than January 1, 2023. Announced October 31, 2022.	Filed March 1, 2024.		
	Cascade Natural Gas: Signed an agreement with Pine Creek RNG to produce Horn Rapids Landfill and Lamb Weston's agricultural biogas recovery system. Construction underway with RNG expected to flow at the end of 2023. It's expected that the landfill and Lamb Weston's agricultural biogas recovery system will produce more than 2.5 million therms of RNG annually, which is equivalent to the natural gas used by approximately 4,173 Washington homes each year.			



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	Announced March 7, 2023.			
	Avista: Signed agreement with Pine Creek RNG to purchase RNG from Richland, WA and Waterloo, IA. The Richland project will produce enough RNG to fuel over 4,100 homes each year.			
	Announced April 11, 2023.			
	Avista: Signed additional agreement with Pine Creek RNG to purchase RNG from Bayview Landfill in Elberta, Utah. The total output of all the Pine Creek projects contracted with Avista is an expected 6.7 million therms annually, which is equivalent to the natural gas used by approximately 95,096 Oregon homes. Announced July 13, 2023. Avista: Signed fourth agreement with Pine Creek RNG to purchase RNG from the Quad Cities Landfill			
	in Milan, IL. Construction on the Milan, Illinios project is expected to be complete by the end of 2024 and produce 3 million therms of RNG annually.			
	Announced January 29, 2024.			
	NW Natural : Entered into agreement with WM at East Wenatchee landfill to produce RNG. Facility will produce enough RNG to heat 10,000 homes, NW Natural signed 20-year supply contract.			
	Announced January 30, 2024.			
West Virginia				



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
Wisconsin	DTE Energy: partnered with Pagel's Ponderosa Dairy	5-TG-101: WEC application for RNG pilot to finance	LRB 3473: would require the state to create a \$1	
	to produce RNG to fuel CNG vehicles. Plan to build 5 RNG facilities. The first of these projects became	construction of interconnection facilities to dairy farms and landfills. WEC would build, own, and	million grant program to support the planning and establishment of regional biodigesters.	
	operational in March 2019. Three additional	operate the interconnection facilities and in	establishment of regional blodigesters.	
	projects became operational in 2019 with DTE	exchange receive RNG at a discounted rate relative	Announced November 15, 2021.	
	beginning construction on an additional three dairy	to the index price for a natural gas for a period of		
	RNG projects over summer 2019.	ten years. Limited to 15 participants, with estimated	AB 1072: Directs PSC to establish interconnect	
	Construction of facilities broke ground in 2018.	costs \$2-\$5 million per project. Customers would keep the renewable attributes.	standard and issue report on methods for state to support financing of RNG infrastructure.	
	construction of facilities broke ground in 2010.	Reep the remember attributes.	support imaneing of fire imastracture.	
	DTE Biomass Energy announced the opening of the	Approved July 21, 2022.	Introduced March 3, 2022.	
	state's first combined dairy RNG processing and			
	interstate injection facility. The site takes in raw biogas and injects pipeline-quality RNG directly into			
	the interstate system. Opened September 2019.			
Wyoming				
Regional			At the 2019 meeting of the Southern States Energy	
Measures			Board, a policy <u>resolution</u> supporting the	
			development of RNG was approved unanimously.	
			The resolution calls for studying what steps need to be taken to facilitate the inclusion of RNG into the	
			region's energy supply and asks states to explore	
			measures to promote the burgeoning RNG industry.	
Canada	Fortis BC allows natural gas customers to designate	EB-2020-0066: Ontario Energy Board approved	British Columbia: The CleanBC plan calls for a	CGA, " <u>RNG</u>
	5, 10, 25, 50, 100 percent of their natural gas use as RNG.	Enbridge application to establish a pilot voluntary	minimum of 15% of natural gas be provided from	Handbook For
	NING.	RNG program where customers may choose to pay an additional \$2 a month.	renewable sources by 2030.	<u>Canadian</u> <u>Municipalities</u> "
	RNG available to customers since 2011.	*	Released December 2018.	(May 2021)
		Program beginning January 2021.	British Call Ashira The Board and Land	
	Enbridge: for two dollars a month, customers can		British Columbia: The Province has amended the Greenhouse Gas Reduction (Clean Energy)	Province of BC &
	enroll in "OptUp," a voluntary RNG program. Enbridge plans to source some of this RNG from the	BCUC Renewable Gas Program: Fortis BC seeking to modify its existing RNG program. Expects all	Regulation to enable natural gas utilities to increase	Fortis BC, "BC Renewable and
	soon to open landfill gas <u>project</u> at Niagara Falls	customers to receive a one percent RNG blend	the amount of RNG, green and waste hydrogen,	Low-Carbon Gas
	generating enough RNG to heat 8,750 homes	starting 1/1/24 and will increase over time to meet	and other renewable energy they can acquire and	Supply Potential
	making it the largest project in Ontario.	provincial clean energy targets. All new residential	make available to their customers by: increasing the	<u>seasy</u> (sam
		connections will be serviced with 100% RNG and will	amount of RNG utilities can acquire and supply from 5% to 15% of their total annual supply of	2022)
			Trom 3/0 to 13/0 or their total annual supply of	



	Regulatory Actions Taken State Government Proposa	Notes/Comments
program and plans to have RNG make up 5% of its gas supply by 2025.	offer a voluntary RNG program for les customers. mber 17, 2021. Approved June 2024. matural gas; broadening the methods by utilities can obtain hydrogen, RNG and renewable gases to include producing in upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it themselves for injection in pipeline, paying a third party to produce upgrading it thems	ting \$4.28 It's gas- idustry Fund, orted for gas that will into the tem for Idings,



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	Announced July 221, 2021.			
	Fortis: EverGen Infrastructure Group announced that the BC Utilities Commission has approved the RNG offtake agreement with FortisBC for the Company's anaerobic digester expansion project at its Net Zero Waste Abbotsford Inc. The Company previously announced that its wholly owned subsidiary NZWA entered into a 20-year offtake agreement with FortisBC. Under the agreement, FortisBC will purchase up to 173,000 gigajoules of RNG annually for injection into its natural gas system. The project is expected to convert municipal and commercial organic waste into enough energy to meet the needs of approximately 1,900 residential homes. EverGen expects to begin supplying Renewable Natural Gas from the project to FortisBC's network by early 2023.			
	Announced October 18, 2021.			
	Fortis BC: agreement, subject to Commission approval, to purchase up to 7.6 million MMBtu of RNG generated by Archaea annually for a fixed fee for a period of 20 years. The agreement is expected to commence in 2022 upon regulatory approval, with the full annual quantity beginning in 2025.			
	Announced January 27, 2022.			
	Fortis BC: partnership with Dicklands Farms, at peak production enough RNG to fuel 2,000 homes.			
	Announced April 25, 2023.			



State	Utility RNG Programs	Regulatory Actions Taken	State Government Proposals	Notes/Comments
	Enbridge: Announced Ontario Energy Board approved Ridge Landfill RNG Project in Chatham-Kent. The project is expected to offset 110,000 tons of GHGs annually and is projected to be in service by the end of 2024.			
	Announced July 5, 2023.			

CSA Group, "Codes and Standards for Renewable Gas Pathways" (Jan. 2022)